ASTHMA STRESS AND HYPERVENTILATION

Hyperventilation (over-breathing) is a mechanism that is often overlooked in asthma.

Hyperventilation whether spontaneous or exercise induced, is known to cause asthma $^{\rm i}$ $_{\rm ii}$ $_{\rm ii}$

Loss of Carbon dioxide through hyperventilation can trigger bronchoconstriction which is one of the defining symptoms of asthma ^{iii iv}.

Hyperventilation and hypocapnia (carbon dioxide deficit) are common in asthma^{v vi}.

It is also well established that people under stress are prone to hyperventilate vii.

In view of the evidence there is a need for research into the role of breathing retraining as a potentially effective intervention in both management and prevention of asthma and stress.

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